



## Adoption of Water **Sensitive Urban Systems** and Practices: Role of economic analysis

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### Background

- Cities are facing increasing challenges of managing growing demand for scarce water resources.
- Wider adoption of water sensitive urban systems and practices is necessary to sustainably manage / meet these demands.
- How can economics facilitate wider adoption of water sensitive urban systems and practices?







### **Economic analysis**

Economics is the study of production, distribution and  $\bullet$ consumption of goods and services.

- It is also the study of choice.
- People make choices everyday, many involved monetary transaction, while most do not.









"I'D PREFER NOT TO RECOMMEND ANYTHING, M'SIEUR -- IT'S YOUR LIFE."





## **Economic analysis** Economic analysis could help in the following four key areas

Assessment of multi-functional benefits and costs (market and nonmarket)

**Prioritization of** projects (plans / options / policies) with full consideration of multi-functional benefits / costs









### **Assessment of nonmarket values**



Source: https://www.conservation-strategy.org/en/category/video-subjects/valuation-ecosystem-services/hedonic-pricing-method



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### **Assessment of nonmarket benefits**







Rainwater Tanks in Perth

Living stream in Perth

**Decentralized stormwater** management in Sydney and Melbourne



Constructed wetlands in Melbourne and Kunshan



ABC Waters Program in Water quality in Swan-Singapore









Wastewater treatment plant buffer zone

Rain gardens in Sydney and Melbourne



Canning



Urban In-fill in Adelaide and Melbourne



Linear Park in Melbourne







## **Review of NMVs**

Reviewed 345 studies related to water sensitive urban systems and practices

□ 181 studies reported nonmarket values

□ More than 400 nonmarket values were recorded







### Review of nonmarket values of water sensitive systems and practices: An update

Asha Gunawardena, Fan Zhang, James Fogarty and Sayed Iftekhar



Australian Commenter Business Exportment of Industry, icentiation and Science

Cooperative Research Centres Programme



## Value tool

Contains information from Australian studies

included so far

**INFFEWS** Value Tool

Benefit: Cost Analysis of urban water and green infrastructure projects

Copyright © 2018, CRC for Water Sensitive Cities Version 2018.1 Date: 1 June 2018

Developer: Asha Gunawardena, Sayed Iftekhar and James Fogarty, University of Western Australia

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### □ Information from 76 studies (336 nonmarket values) have been

### Information organized in an excel spreadsheet-based database



# Distribution of values by benefit types

Eco

We are in the process of updating the database, inclusion of health and heat benefits.



Impro

logical improvement- biodiversity (26%)		Improved security of water supply (13%)		Reduc recurr cost		
		Improved management of wastewater		Enhanci ater qua in a wat body		
oved opportunities for recreation (15%)	Improved aesthetics (14%)	Increased tourism	Groundwat recharge	ər		R/ mk Im
		Reduced flood risk	Reduced orime-increas community cohesion	ied F	Other Reduced	



### **Assessment of benefits**

The benefit transfer guideline provide detail guidelines on how to use these values after appropriate adjustment

- **Bio-physical context** 1.
- 2. Double counting
- Inflation 3.
- 4. Differences in real income
- 5. Differences in demographic condition
- 6. Substitution effect

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- 7. Distance decay
- 8. Non-correspondence bias

these



### Attend tomorrow's training workshop to know more about



### **INFFEWS Value Tool:** Guideline (V1)

Sayed Iftekhar, Asha Gunawardena, James Fogarty, David Pannell and Abbie Rogers





### Prioritization of projects / plans

- 1. Project ranking guideline
- 2. BCA tools and guidelines, training materials, courses







## **Development process**

- 1. Review existing tools  $\rightarrow$  capture lessons and ideas
- 2. Interview a wide range of BCA experts and stakeholders
- 3. Review Government BCA guidelines: Australian Government, 4 states (NSW, Vic, Qld, SA), New Zealand and United Kingdom
- 4. Worked with Project Steering Committee
- 5. Internal testing and proofing
- 6. Released Beta version for testing
- 7. Developed training materials and help videos
- 8. Training sessions (2 completed, 4 more coming)
- 9. Online course on principles of BCA







### **INFFEWS BCA Tool**

Benefit: Cost Analysis of urban water and green infrastructure projects

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Copyright © 2018, CRC for Water Sensitive Cities 2018.15 Beta Developer: David Pannell, University of Western Australia

Integrate Research Project 2, "Comprehensive economic evaluation framework" Project leader: Sayed Iftekhar, University of Western Australia

### The INFFEWS BCA Tool

The INFFEWS BCA Tool is designed to assist users to conduct a high-quality Benefit: Cost Analysis (BCA) of projects related to water and green infrastructure in urban areas.

Video introduction to the INFFEWS BCA Tool

It provides a systematic and user-friendly approach to project evaluation. Users work through the spreadsheet step by step. The information builds in a logical sequence, with later questions depending on answers to earlier ones.

This Beta version of the Tool is for testing, so your feedback is important to us. Please email your comments and suggestions, quoting 2018.15 Beta, to:

David.Pannell@uwa.edu.au

### Use the INFFEWS BCA Tool spreadsheet in conjunction with ...

"INFFEWS BCA Tool: User Guide". Provides detailed step-by-step instructions and advice for completing a BCA in this spreadsheet tool.

"INFFEWS BCA Tool: Guidelines". Explains key concepts behind BCA; explains the structure and elements of the tool; outlines information requirements and judgements needed to apply the tool; suggests strategies for obtaining data.

"INFFEWS Benefit: Cost Analysis and Strategic Decision Making". Provides guidance on BCA basics: strategic issues related to BCAs: whether to conduct a BCA: and use of economic es conference General Benefits Benefit parameters Custom benefits Adoption Cover Time

19

18

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### □ Spreadsheet

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## **BCA Tool**

Assumptions (Discount rate, rate of adoption, risk, etc.)

**Benefits** (Physical changes, impacted area / population, future change)

> Scenarios (With and Without Project)

Stakeholders (share of costs and benefits)

Activities (Physical input, current and future work)









### Integration





### Adoption of the tools

- (~ 15 non-participants). ~10 active applications.
- Aither  $\bullet$
- Alluvium  $\bullet$
- Australian National University •
- Bligh Tanner
- Brisbane City Council  $\bullet$
- City of Gold Coast  $\bullet$
- City of Mandurah  $\bullet$
- City of Melbourne  $\bullet$
- City of Sydney  $\bullet$
- City West Water
- DELWP  $\bullet$
- Department for Energy and Mining, SA
- Department of Defence, VIC

- Department of Environment and Science, Qld
- Department of Industry and Skills, SA
- Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, WA
- E2Designlab
- EMRC
- GHD
- Greater Sydney Commission
- Hornsby council
- Hunter Water
- Marsden Jacob Associates
- Melbourne Water
- Monash University
- NSW Department of Planning and Environment
- NSW Office of Environment and Heritage



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# Beta version of the tools have been shared with > 40 organizations

- **Rockhampton Regional Council** •
- SA DEWNR •
- SA Treasury •
- SA Water •
- SEQWater  $\bullet$
- Stockland •
- Strategic Planning Institute ullet
- Sydney Water  $\bullet$
- Townsville City Council •
- University of Queensland •
- University of Western Australia
- Water Corporation  $\bullet$
- Water Technology ۲
- WSAA
- Yarra Valley Water  $\bullet$



## **Thank You!**







